

Liquid Precision Panel- 50 Genes

Test Description

The MolQ Liquid Precision Panel includes 50 genes, involving hotspot regions and 3159 unique variants, applicable to a wide range of tumor types for detection of SNV (single and multiple nucleotide variation), Insertion-Deletion, Copy Number Variation (CNV), and gene Fusions. Fusion and splice variants are detected in RNA.

Patient Demographic

Name: Mr. Jagat S Rawat Sex: Male Date of Birth/Age: 78 years Disease: Metastatic Carcinoma of unknown primary PATIENTREPORT DATEBOOKING IDJagat S Rawat12 December 2024#012411140086

Clinician

Clinician Name: Dr Amit Verma Medical Facility: Dr AV Institute of Personalized Cancer Therapy and Research Pathologist: Not Provided

Specimen

Booking ID: 012411140086 Sample Type: Blood Tumor Content Percentage: NA Date of Collection: 14-11-2024 Date of Booking: 14-11-2024

CLINICAL SYNOPSIS

Jagat S Rawat, is a known case of metastatic carcinoma of unknown primary.

OTHER VARIANTS

TP53 (p.Gly266Glu, VAF = 1.72%) mutation is detected in the given specimen.

The sequencing was performed on 26.6 in the given specimen. Average Base Coverage Depth achieved was 55498 (X) in this sample.

RESULTS

No clinically relevant mutations causative of the reported phenotype was detected.

RELEVANT BIOMARKERS

No biomarkers associated with relevant evidence.

PREVALENT CANCER BIOMARKERS WITHOUT RELEVANT EVIDENCE BASED ON INCLUDED DATA SOURCES

Gene	Variant ID	Variant	Coverage	Allele Frequency	Variant Effect	ClinVar#
<i>TP53</i> NM_000546.5	COSM10867	c.797G>A (p.Gly266Glu)	1219	1.72%	Missense	Conflicting interpretations of pathogenicity

*Based on Clinvar version 20200329

VARIANT OF UNCERTAIN SIGNIFICANCE (VUS)

None.

CLINICAL CORRELATION AND VARIANT INTERPRETATION

TP53p.Gly266GluCoverage Frequency 1219

Gene description: The *TP53* gene encodes the p53 tumor suppressor protein that binds to DNA and activates transcription in response to diverse cellular stresses to induce cell cycle arrest, apoptosis, or DNA repair. In unstressed cells, TP53 is kept

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inactive by targeted degradation via MDM2, a substrate recognition factor for ubiquitin-dependent proteolysis. Alterations in *TP53* is required for oncogenesis as they result in loss of protein function and gain of transforming potential¹. Germline mutations in *TP53* are the underlying cause of Li-Fraumeni syndrome, a complex hereditary cancer predisposition disorder associated with early-onset cancers^{2,3}.

Alterations and prevalence: *TP53* is the most frequently mutated gene in the cancer genome with approximately half of all cancers experiencing *TP53* mutations. Ovarian, head and neck, esophageal, and lung squamous cancers have particularly high *TP53* mutation rates (60-90%)⁴⁻⁹. Approximately two-thirds of *TP53* mutations are missense mutations and several recurrent missense mutations are common including substitutions at codons R158, R175, Y220, R248, R273, and R2824,5. Invariably, recurrent missense mutations in *TP53* inactivate its ability to bind DNA and activate transcription of target genes¹⁰⁻¹³.

Potential relevance: The small molecule p53 reactivator, PC14586, received a fast track designation (2020) by the FDA for advanced tumors harboring a *TP53* Y220C mutation¹⁴. The FDA has granted fast track designation (2019) to the p53 reactivator, eprenetapopt,¹⁵ and breakthrough designation¹⁶ (2020) in combination with azacitidine or azacitidine and venetoclax for acute myeloid leukemia patients (AML) and myelodysplastic syndrome (MDS) harboring a *TP53* mutation, respectively. In addition to investigational therapies aimed at restoring wild-type *TP53* activity, compounds that induce synthetic lethality are also under clinical evaluation^{17,18}. *TP53* mutations confer poor prognosis and poor risk in multiple blood cancers including AML, MDS, myeloproliferative neoplasms (MPN), and chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL), and acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL)¹⁹⁻²⁴. In mantle cell lymphoma, *TP53* mutations are associated with poor prognosis when treated with conventional therapy including hematopoietic cell transplant²⁵. Mono- and bi-allelic mutations in *TP53* confer unique characteristics in MDS, with multi-hit patients also experiencing associations with complex karyotype, few co-occurring mutations, and high-risk disease presentation as well as predicted death and leukemic transformation independent of the IPSS-R staging system²⁶.

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- 22. NCCN Guidelines® NCCN-Myeloproliferative Neoplasms [Version 2.2023]
- 23. NCCN Guidelines® NCCN-Chronic Lymphocytic Leukemia/Small Lymphocytic Lymphoma [Version 3.2023]
- 24. NCCN Guidelines® NCCN-Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia [Version 2.2023]
- 25. NCCN Guidelines® NCCN-B-Cell Lymphomas [Version 5.2023]
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RECOMMENDATIONS

- Validation of the variant(s) by Sanger sequencing is recommended to rule out false positives.
- Genetic counselling is advised for interpretation on the consequences of the variant(s).
- If results obtained do not match the clinical findings, additional testing should be considered as per referring clinician's recommendations.

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Jatinder Kaur, PhD Head, Molecular Biology & Genomics

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Dr. Gulshan Yadav, MD Head, Pathology



Method

APPENDIX 1: TEST METHODOLOGY

Circulating cell-free total nucleic acid (cfTNA) were isolated from samples using the MagMAX Cell-Free Total Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit. Quantity and quality is checked by Qubit assay and Tape station, respectively. After quality check the isolated and purified sample was directly loaded on Ion Torrent Genexus Next Generation Sequencer and subjected to automated library preparation and template preparation followed by in-depth sequencing.

It utilizes unique molecular tags to enable high sensitivity detection of variants. Analysis is done using Ion Torrent Reporter Software, the data is visualized on Integrative Genomics Viewer (IGV) and analyzed. The final report is generated using Oncomine curated knowledgebase reporter and includes clinical trials information continuously being updated for the best of the patient management as per clinical guidelines.

DISCLAIMER

- This report was generated using the materials and methods as recommended which required the use of quality reagents, protocols, instruments, software, databases and other items, some of which were provided or made accessible by third parties. A defect or malfunction in any such reagents, protocols, instruments, software, databases and/or other items may compromise the quality or accuracy of the report.
- The report has been created based on, or incorporated inferences to, various scientific manuscripts, references, and other sources of information, including without limitation manuscripts, references, and other sources of information that were prepared by third parties that describe correlations between certain genetic mutations and particular diseases (and/or certain therapeutics that may be useful in ameliorating the effects of such diseases). Such information and correlations are subject to change over time in response to future scientific and medical findings. MolQ Laboratory makes no representation or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of the information provided by or contained in such manuscripts, references, and other sources is later determined to be inaccurate, the accuracy and quality of the Report may be adversely impacted. MolQ Laboratory is not obligated to notify you of any of the impact that future scientific or medical findings may have on the report.
- The report must always be interpreted and considered within the clinical context, and a physician should always consider the report along with all other pertinent information and data that a physician would prudently consider prior to providing a diagnosis or developing and implementing a plan of care for the patient. The report should never be considered or relied upon alone in making any diagnosis or prognosis. The manifestations of many diseases are caused by more than one gene variant, a single gene variant may be relevant to more than one disease, and certain relevant gene variants may not have been considered in the report. In addition, many diseases are caused or influenced by modifier genes, epigenetic factors, environmental factors, and other variables that are not addressed by the report. This report is based on a Next Generation Assay which does not distinguish between a somatic and a germline variant. If germline variant is in question, further testing is recommended. The report provided by MolQ Laboratory is on a "as is" basis. MolQ Laboratory makes no representation or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, regarding the report. In no event will MolQ Laboratory be liable for any actual damages, indirect damages, and/or special or consequential damages arising out of or in any way connected with the Report, your use of the report, your reliance on the report, or any defect or inaccurate information included within the report.
- Medical knowledge and annotation are constantly updated and reflects the current knowledge at the time.
- Due to inherent technology limitations of the assay, not all bases of the exome can be covered by this test. Accordingly, variants in regions of insufficient coverage may not be identified and/or interpreted. Therefore, it is possible that certain variants are present in one or more of the genes analyzed, but have not been detected. The variants not detected by the assay that was performed may/ may not impact the phenotype.
- It is also possible that a pathogenic variant is present in a gene that was not selected for analysis and/or interpretation in cases where insufficient phenotypic information is available.
- The report shall be generated within turnaround time (TAT), however, such TAT may vary depending upon the complexity of test(s) requested. MolQ Laboratory under no circumstances will be liable for any delay beyond afore mentioned TAT.
- It is hereby clarified that the report(s) generated from the test(s) do not provide any diagnosis or opinion or recommends any cure in any manner. MolQ Laboratory hereby recommends the patient and/or the guardians of the patients, as the case may be, to take assistance of the clinician or a certified physician or doctor, to interpret the report(s) thus generated. MolQ Laboratory hereby disclaims all liability arising in connection with the report(s).
- In a very few cases genetic test may not show the correct results, e.g. because of the quality of the material provided to MolQ Laboratory. In case where any test provided by MolQ Laboratory fails for unforeseeable or unknown reasons that cannot be influenced by MolQ Laboratory in advance, MolQ Laboratory shall not be responsible for the incomplete, potentially

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misleading or even wrong result of any testing if such could not be recognized by MolQ Laboratory in advance.

- A negative value in liquid biopsy does not mean true absence of mutation. It may not be detectable in the blood sample but may still be positive in tissue biopsy.
- This is a laboratory developed test and the development and the performance characteristics of this test was determined by reference laboratory as required by the CLIA 1988 regulations. The report, and the tests used to generate the Report have not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The FDA has determined that such clearance or approval is not necessary. The test results have scientifically shown to be clinically useful.



APPENDIX 2: GENE LIST WITH COVERAGE

DNA Hotspots									
AKT1	AKT2	AKT3	ALK	AR	ARAF				
BRAF	CDK4	CDKN2A	CHEK2	CTNNB1	EGFR				
ERBB2	ERBB3	ERBB4	ESR1	FGFR1	FGFR2				
FGFR3	FGFR4	FLT3	GNA11	GNAQ	GNAS				
HRAS	IDH1	IDH2	KIT	KRAS	MAPK1				
MAPK2	MET	MTOR	NRAS	NTRK1	NTRK2				
NTRK3	PDGFRA	<i>РІКЗСА</i>	PTEN	RAF1	RET				
ROS1	SMO	TP53							
CNVs									
ALK	AR	CD274	CDKN2A	EGFR	ERBB2				
ERBB3	FGFR1	FGFR2	FGFR3	KRAS	MET				
PIK3CA	PTEN								
Inter-genetic Fusions									
ALK	BRAF	ESR1	FGFR1	FGFR2	FGFR3				
MET	NRG1	NTRK1	NTRK2	NTRK3	NUTM1				
RET	ROS1	RSP02	RSP03						
AP ECED MET									
AN	LULI								