

 Name of Patient
 : Seema Gupta
 Date
 : 14/08/2024

 Age/Gender
 : 49/F
 Barcode
 : 11883589

# HER2/neu IHC

## Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 2 Immunohistochemistry

### **Specimen Information**

Breast biopsy (B-3808/24)

#### **Clinical History**

Invasive ductal carcinoma

#### Methodology

Immunohistochemistry

#### Diagnosis

Markers	Results		Interpretation	Image
Her-2/neu	Percentage tumor cellsof35	Intensity of staining Moderate and incomplete membrane staining	Equivocal (2+)	

#### Comments

#### **HER-2** Significance:

The HER2 gene is responsible for the formation of HER2 Protein, which is a Human growth Factor Receptor. A positive HER2 test result would mean overexpression of Her2 protein and is seen in about 20% of breast carcinomas.

Various studies have shown that these HER2 positive tumours have aggressive growth, metastasize faster and have less favourable prognosis than HER2 negative tumours.

However, they have shown to have good response to AntiHER2 therapy (either monoclonal antibodies or relevant tyrosine kinase inhibitors).

#### Table: Reporting results of HER2 Testing by Immunohistochemistry(IHC)

Result	Criteria		
Negative (Score 0)	No staining observed		
	or		
	Membrane stating that is incomplete and is faint/barely perceptible and within $\leq 10\%$ of tumor cells		
N			
Negative(Score 1+)	Incomplete membrane staining that is faint/barely perceptible and within >10% of tumor cells*		
Equivocal (Score 2+)	Weak to moderate complete membrane staining in >10% of tumor cells		
	or		
	Complete membrane staining that is intense but within $\leq 10\%$ of tumor cells*		
Positive (Score 3+)	Complete membrane staining that is intense and >10% of tumor cells*		

\* Readly appereciated using a low-power objective and observed within a homogeneous and contiguous population of invasive tumor cells.

#### **Technical Note**

- 1. undefined
- 2. All immunohistochemistry markers have been evaluated in the context of appropriate positive and negative controls. A result is considered uninterpretable as a result of the type of fixative used (non 10% neutral buffered formalin), time to fixation (> 1 hour), duration of fixation (< 6 hr or > 72 hour), strong decalcification, or inappropriate staining of normal internal or external assay controls. An alternative sample for retesting is then usually recommended.
- 3. Assay has been performed on formalin fixed paraffin embedded tissue, using the polymer based detection system for Immunohistochemistry studies.
- 4. Cold ischemia and fixation time: Not known
- 5. Internal control ER: Present and stain as expected
- 6. Internal control PR: Absent

Disclaimer : These assays have not been validated on decalcified specimens.

#### References

- Wolff AC, Hammond MEH, Allison KH, et al. HER2 testing in breast cancer: American Society of Clinical Oncology/College of American Pathologists clinical practice guideline focused update. Arch Pathol Lab Med. 2018;142(11):1364-1382.
- 2. Allison KH, Hammond MEH, Dowsett M, et al. Estrogen and progesterone receptor testing in breast cancer: ASCO/CAP guideline update. Arch Pathol Lab Med doi: 10.5858/arpa.2019-0904-SA.
- 3. Dowsett M, Nielsen TO, A'Hern R, et al. Assessment of Ki67 in breast cancer: recommendations from the International Ki67 in breast cancer working group. J Natl Cancer Inst. 2011;103(22):1656-1664.

**Reviewed By** 

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