

Liquid Precision Panel-50 Genes

 PATIENT
 REPORT DATE
 BOOKING ID

 Irphan Ahmad
 7 Feb 2024
 #012401010017

Test Description

The MolQ Liquid Precision Panel includes 50 genes, involving hotspot regions and 3159 unique variants, applicable to a wide range of tumor types for detection of SNV (single and multiple nucleotide variation), Insertion-Deletion, Copy Number Variation (CNV), and gene Fusions. Fusion and splice variants are detected in RNA.

Patient Demographic

Name: Mr. Irphan Ahmad

Sex: Male

Date of Birth/Age: 52 years **Disease**: Colorectal Carcinoma

Clinician

Clinician Name: Dr Amit Verma

Medical Facility: Dr AV Institute of Personalized Cancer

Therapy and Research Pathologist: Not Provided

Specimen

Booking ID: 012401010017 **Sample Type**: Blood

Tumor Content Percentage: NA **Date of Collection:** 01-01-2024 **Date of Booking:** : 01-01-2024

CLINICAL SYNOPSIS

Irphan Ahmad, is a known case of colorectal carcinoma. He has been evaluated for pathogenic variations in the genes listed in Appendix 2.

RESULT SUMMARY

Variants detected as per NCCN Guidelines: No clinically relevant alteration detected.

Other variants detected:

NRAS mutation (p.Gly13Arg, VAF= 16.43%) is present in the given sample.

Note: The sequencing was performed on 26.6 ng of cfTNA in the given specimen. The average coverage of sequencing was 47955 in this sample.

RESULTS

No clinically relevant alterations were detected.

Gene/ Transcript (Locus)	Variant ID	Variant	Allele Frequency	Variant Effect	Exon	*Rele (In this cancer type)	vant Therapies (In other cancer type)	Tier ³
NRAS (chr1:115258745)	COSM569	c.37G>C (p.Gly13Arg)	16.43%	Missense	2	bevacizumab + chemotherapy	None	Ia

^{*} Public data sources included in relevant therapies: FDAi, NCCN, EMAii, ESMO

³Tier Reference: Li et al. Standards and Guidelines for the Interpretation and Reporting of Sequence Variants in Cancer: A Joint Consensus Recommendation of the Association for Molecular Pathology, American Society of Clinical Oncology, and College of American Pathologists. J Mol Diagn. 2017 Jan;19(1):4-23.

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RELEVANT COLORECTAL CARCINOMA FINDINGS

Gene	Findings	Gene	Findings
BRAF	None detected	NTRK1	None detected
ERBB2	None detected	NTRK2	None detected
KRAS	None detected	NTRK3	None detected
NRAS	p.Gly13Arg, c.37G>C	RET	None detected

VARIANT OF UNKNOWN SIGNIFICANCE (VUS)

Not present.

CLINICAL CORRELATION AND VARIANT INTERPRETATION

NRAS p.Gly13Arg Coverage Frequency 2350

Gene description: The NRAS proto-oncogene encodes a GTPase that functions in signal transduction and is a member of the RAS superfamily which also includes *KRAS* and *HRAS*. RAS proteins mediate the transmission of growth signals from the cell surface to the nucleus via the PI3K/AKT/MTOR and RAS/RAF/MEK/ERK pathways, which regulate cell division, differentiation, and survival¹⁻³.

Alterations and prevalence: Recurrent mutations in *RAS* oncogenes cause constitutive activation and are found in 20-30% of cancers. *NRAS* mutations are particularly common in melanomas (up to 25%) and are observed at frequencies of 5-10% in acute myeloid leukemia, colorectal, and thyroid cancers^{4,5}. The majority of *NRAS* mutations consist of point mutations at G12, G13, and Q61^{4,6}. Mutations at A59, K117, and A146 have also been observed but are less frequent^{7,8}.

Potential relevance: Currently, no therapies are approved for *NRAS* aberrations. The EGFR antagonists, cetuximab⁹ and panitumumab¹⁰, are contraindicated for treatment of colorectal cancer patients with *NRAS* mutations in exon 2 (codons 12 and 13), exon 3 (codons 59 and 61), and exon 4 (codons 117 and 146)⁸. The FDA has granted fast track designation to the pan-RAF inhibitor, KIN-2787¹¹, for the treatment of *NRAS* mutation positive metastatic or unresectable melanoma. *NRAS* mutations are associated with poor prognosis in patients with low-risk myelodysplastic syndrome¹² as well as melanoma¹³. In a phase III clinical trial in patients with advanced *NRAS*-mutant melanoma, binimetinib improved progression free survival (PFS) relative to dacarbazine with median PFS of 2.8 and 1.5 months, respectively¹⁴.

REFERENCES

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RECOMMENDATIONS

- Validation of the variant(s) by Sanger sequencing is recommended to rule out false positives.
- Genetic counselling is advised for interpretation on the consequences of the variant(s).
- If results obtained do not match the clinical findings, additional testing should be considered as per referring clinician's recommendations.

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Head, Molecular Biology & Genomics

Dr. Gulshan Yadav, MD

Head, Pathology



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APPENDIX 1: TEST METHODOLOGY

Method

Circulating cell-free total nucleic acid (cfTNA) were isolated from samples using the MagMAX Cell-Free Total Nucleic Acid Isolation Kit. After quality check the isolated and purified sample was directly loaded on Ion Torrent Genexus Next Generation Sequencer and subjected to automated library preparation and template preparation followed by sequencing at average depth of ~ 4000 X.

It utilizes unique molecular tags to enable high sensitivity detection of variants. Analysis is done using Ion Torrent Reporter Software, the data is visualized on Integrative Genomics Viewer (IGV) and analyzed. The final report is generated using Oncomine curated knowledgebase reporter and includes clinical trials information continuously being updated for the best of the patient management as per clinical guidelines.

DISCLAIMER

- This report was generated using the materials and methods as recommended which required the use of quality reagents, protocols, instruments, software, databases and other items, some of which were provided or made accessible by third parties. A defect or malfunction in any such reagents, protocols, instruments, software, databases and/or other items may compromise the quality or accuracy of the report.
- The report has been created based on, or incorporated inferences to, various scientific manuscripts, references, and other sources of information, including without limitation manuscripts, references, and other sources of information that were prepared by third parties that describe correlations between certain genetic mutations and particular diseases (and/or certain therapeutics that may be useful in ameliorating the effects of such diseases). Such information and correlations are subject to change over time in response to future scientific and medical findings. MolQ Laboratory makes no representation or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, regarding the accuracy of the information provided by or contained in such manuscripts, references, and other sources is later determined to be inaccurate, the accuracy and quality of the Report may be adversely impacted. MolQ Laboratory is not obligated to notify you of any of the impact that future scientific or medical findings may have on the report.
- The report must always be interpreted and considered within the clinical context, and a physician should always consider the report along with all other pertinent information and data that a physician would prudently consider prior to providing a diagnosis or developing and implementing a plan of care for the patient. The report should never be considered or relied upon alone in making any diagnosis or prognosis. The manifestations of many diseases are caused by more than one gene variant, a single gene variant may be relevant to more than one disease, and certain relevant gene variants may not have been considered in the report. In addition, many diseases are caused or influenced by modifier genes, epigenetic factors, environmental factors, and other variables that are not addressed by the report. This report is based on a Next Generation Assay which does not distinguish between a somatic and a germline variant. If germline variant is in question, further testing is recommended. The report provided by MolQ Laboratory is on a "as is" basis. MolQ Laboratory makes no representation or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, regarding the report. In no event will MolQ Laboratory be liable for any actual damages, indirect damages, and/or special or consequential damages arising out of or in any way connected with the Report, your use of the report, your reliance on the report, or any defect or inaccurate information included within the report.
- Medical knowledge and annotation are constantly updated and reflects the current knowledge at the time.
- Due to inherent technology limitations of the assay, not all bases of the exome can be covered by this test. Accordingly, variants in regions of insufficient coverage may not be identified and/or interpreted. Therefore, it is possible that certain variants are present in one or more of the genes analyzed, but have not been detected. The variants not detected by the assay that was performed may/ may not impact the phenotype.
- It is also possible that a pathogenic variant is present in a gene that was not selected for analysis and/or interpretation in cases where insufficient phenotypic information is available.
- The report shall be generated within turnaround time (TAT), however, such TAT may vary depending upon the complexity of test(s) requested. MolQ Laboratory under no circumstances will be liable for any delay beyond afore mentioned TAT.
- It is hereby clarified that the report(s) generated from the test(s) do not provide any diagnosis or opinion or recommends any cure in any manner. MolQ Laboratory hereby recommends the patient and/or the guardians of the patients, as the case may be, to take assistance of the clinician or a certified physician or doctor, to interpret the report(s) thus generated. MolQ Laboratory hereby disclaims all liability arising in connection with the report(s).
- In a very few cases genetic test may not show the correct results, e.g. because of the quality of the material provided to MolQ Laboratory. In case where any test provided by MolQ Laboratory fails for unforeseeable or unknown reasons that cannot be



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influenced by MolQ Laboratory in advance, MolQ Laboratory shall not be responsible for the incomplete, potentially misleading or even wrong result of any testing if such could not be recognized by MolQ Laboratory in advance.

• This is a laboratory developed test and the development and the performance characteristics of this test was determined by reference laboratory as required by the CLIA 1988 regulations. The report, and the tests used to generate the Report have not been cleared or approved by the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The FDA has determined that such clearance or approval is not necessary. The test results have scientifically shown to be clinically useful.



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APPENDIX 2: GENE LIST WITH COVERAGE

		DNA	A Hotspots		
AKT1	AKT2	AKT3	ALK	AR	ARAF
BRAF	CDK4	CDKN2A	СНЕК2	CTNNB1	EGFR
ERBB2	ERBB3	ERBB4	ESR1	FGFR1	FGFR2
FGFR3	FGFR4	FLT3	GNA11	GNAQ	GNAS
HRAS	IDH1	IDH2	KIT	KRAS	MAPK1
MAPK2	MET	MTOR	NRAS	NTRK1	NTRK2
NTRK3	PDGFRA	PIK3CA	PTEN	RAF1	RET
ROS1	SMO	TP53			
ALK	AR	CD274	CNVs CDKN2A	EGFR	ERBB2
ERBB3 PIK3CA	FGFR1 PTEN	FGFR2	FGFR3	KRAS	MET
		Inter-go	enetic Fusions		
ALK	BRAF	ESR1	FGFR1	FGFR2	FGFR3
MET	NRG1	NTRK1	NTRK2	NTRK3	NUTM1
RET	ROS1	RSP02	RSP03		
		Intra-go	enetic Fusions		
AR	EGFR	MET			