GROWTH CURVE INTERPRETATION:-

Foetal growth is within two standard deviations according to DLMP

The second secon	146 Beats/m
Foetal heart rate	56g+/-8g
Expected Foetal Weight	10.11.2021
Expected Date of Delivery	101111
(As per growth parameters)	14.11.2021
Expected Date of Delivery	1.4.1 x
(As per DLMP)	

Liquor amnii adequate

- No obvious craniovertebral anomaly seen
- Stomach bubble seen
- Urinary bladder appears not distended
- Single live intrauterine fetus is seen
- Nuchal translucency is within normal limits (measures approx 1.8mm)
- Nasal bone (NB) is visualized and appears normal and measures 2.0mm .Both bones are well visualized in retro - Nasal triangle (RNT) view.
- Ductus venous show normal Doppler pattern. No significant deep a wave reversal of flow seen.
- Internal os is closed .Cervical canal length is adequate
- Cord insertion is normal (Central /paracentral)
- No obvious maternal adenexal mass or free pelvic fluid seen
- No tricuspid regurgitation seen
- Uterine Arteries Doppler :-

Uterine arteries on Doppler Examination the examination shows PI & RI within normal limits .

- PI of right uterine artery 1.70
- PI of left uterine artery 1.65

The detection rates for chromosomal abnormalities with various screening te follows

- 1st trimister NT scan only -75%
- Ist trimister combined test (NT scan + double marker test) -80 to 855
- lst trimster combined test with quadruple & genetic sonogram -90%
- NIPT (FETAL CELL FREE DNA)-99%
- Invasive testing (CVS/ AMNIOCENTESIS) which is a definitive ter carries a procedure related risk of about 1:300.

Note: Adv level-II anomaly scan at 18-20weeks .Ultrasound is a study of images. Not all anomalies can be detected by ultrasound due to its known limitations. Detection rates vary by the type of anomaly woman's BMI and the position of foetus. Genetic studies and amniocentesis etc. a confirmatory tests.

Impression

- Single live intrauterine fetus seen of about 12weeks
 3days
- As per description
 (Advised level II anomaly scan and fetalechocardiography to rule out any CMF at 18-20 weel gestation, further invest and to be correlated clinically)

(I Dr Rajeev Kapoor while conducting Ultrasound on this patient I have neither detected nor disclosed the sex of the fetus to any body in any manner)

Dr. Rajeev Kapoor

MBBS MD

Aute: Adv level-II anomaly scan at 18-20weeks Ultrasound is a study of images. Not all congenital anomalies can be detected by ultrasound due to its known limitations. Detection rates vary by the confirment in texts.

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1 mp - 7-02-2021 D.O.B - 30.12.1990 Weight - 5 62/5 10 Height - 5 FJ

Patient Name

Mrs Neha Gupta 30yrs/Female

Age/Sex

Dr Rekha Gupta

Adv. by Dated

01.05.2021

INVESTIGATION ULTRASOUND

Intrauterine pregnancy visualized with single foetus with normal foetal movements. (Vertex presentation present)

PLACENTA

Anterior upper segment grade II GROWTH PARAMETERS:-

DLMP- 07.02.2021

Biparietal diameter

1.68cm

Foetal age

12W 4 days+2w

Femur Length

0.68cm

Foetal age

12w 1days+2w

AC

5.60cm

Foctal age

12w 3 days+2w

HC

6.52cm

Foetal age

12w 4 days+2w

Crown Rump Length

5.96cm

Foetal age

12W 3day+2days

FL/BPD

40%

FL/AC HC/AC

1

12%

Mean Foetal Age

1.16 % 11W 6Day

P.T.O

Note: Adv level-II anomaly scan at 18-20weeks. Ultrasound is a study of images. Not all congenital anomalies can be detected by ultrasound due to its known limitations. Detection rates vary by the type of anomaly woman's BMI and the position of foetus. Genetic studies and amniocentesis etc. are confirmatory tests.