

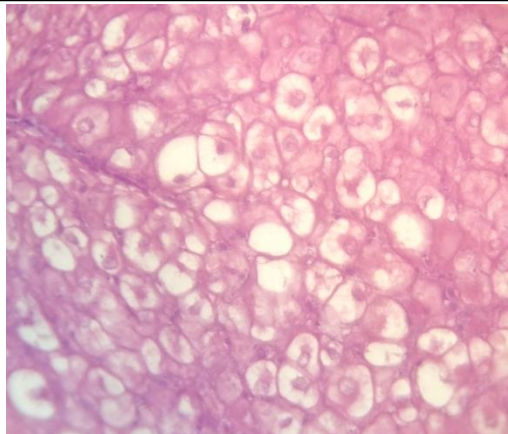
<b>Patient Name</b>	RANJU YADAV	<b>Client Name</b>	Kamal Hospital and Maternity Centre	<b>Specimen Received</b>	06/03/2019
<b>Age/Sex</b>	32 YRS/F			<b>Specimen Type</b>	Tissue
<b>Patient ID</b>	011903050076			<b>Collection Date</b>	06/03/2019
<b>Specimen ID</b>	MOLQ/B-360/19			<b>Report Date</b>	12/03/2019

## SURGICAL PATHOLOGY REPORT

Scar LSCS site ? Subcutaneous nodule

### DIAGNOSIS

Deciduosis in a Cesarian scar.



#### SPECIMEN

Scar LSCS site ? Subcutaneous nodule

#### GROSS

Received 7x2cm greyish white tissue piece with skin.

#### Microscopy

1. Sections show sheets and lobules of decidual tissue with large round to polygonal cells having eosinophilic cytoplasm which is vacuolated at places. Nuclei are bland with uniform chromatin.
2. No atypia is noticed in these cells.
3. Thick fibrous bands are seen.
4. A few compressed out glands with cuboidal lining are present.
5. Pseudoinfiltration into surrounding adipose tissue is seen.

**Note :** All biopsy specimen will be stored for 15 (fifteen) days, block and slides for 5 (five) years only from the time of receipt at the laboratory. No request, for any of the above, will be entertained after the due date.

#### Reference

- i) Rosai and Ackerman's Surgical Pathology.
- ii) Modern Surgical Pathology. *Report generated at MolQ Laboratory, Gurgaon*

**Gulshan Yadav, MD**  
**Consultant Pathologist**